

# THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XI.

ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1879.

NO. 231.

## IN THE CAPITOL.

## A VEST LOOMING UP INTO VIEW.

Mr. Pendleton's Project. Thrown upon the County—Conover Betting in a Soft Place—Sudden Death of an Iowa Congressman—The Test Oath.

## THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on appropriations.

The senate took up and passed the joint resolution to repeat certain clauses in the sundry civil appropriation act of March 3d, 1879. It made appropriations for the communication department of the telegraph and post roads, and a sufficient sum for the construction of the military roads, and the communication department of the telegraph lines in Montana and Texas, and repeals the authority heretofore given to the secretary of war to lease the water power at Moline to the Illinois power company.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of Mr. Pendleton's bill, giving sense to the floor of the senate and house to the heads of departments, and that gentleman made a speech in its favor.

The reporter at Pashaw says: "Everybody from the general down is tired of the war, which brings endless discomforts and little or no glory."

## CRIME AND CASUALTY.

## Boldestard Moves for a New Trial—Poisoning New Savannah, Etc.

Richmond, April 28.—Conceded in the case of John E. Poindexter, convicted of voluntary man slaying in the shooting of C. C. Curtis, to-day, the defense, in a motion for a new trial on grounds: First—Inadmissibility of evidence concerning the horsewhipping, it not having legal tendency to prove the intent to kill. Second—That the verdict was contrary to the law and evidence.

The supreme court of the United States has agreed to a new trial, to be held on Saturday last made a second reading of the bill, and after the delivery of opinions it will adjourn for the term.

The house passed the legislative bill on Saturday last, to 20 to 10.

The report of the telegraph department shows that ex Senator Conover, of Florida, has been appointed inspector of customs along the Florida coast, and that he has accepted his appointment.

The committee on revenue, of the house, has voted to appropriate \$100,000 for the defense, while Mr. M. M. Ford, of Richmond, and General Jim Rodman, of this place, are comparatively few.

It is now thought that the lives of Mr. and Mrs. King, of England, in Man-

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## PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

On the eighth day of next month the representatives of the Baptist church of the south, and of the methodist professors of the entire country, and also of others, will be assembled in two great conventions in this city. It is expected that two conventions with their delegations will have more than 2,000 delegates. The Confederates will meet in their session on the morning of the eighth—an eight-page paper that will be just twice as large as the issue now before the reader. We propose to print in this issue the names of the delegates that will be sent to make up the two, and, I assure you, through which that trade is transacted. Our young men will wait upon the city's merchants and manufacturers during the next ten days, with propositions that must prove mutually satisfactory.

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING COMPANY.

## The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 29, 1879.

The trial of the assassin of Judge Ellott began yesterday at Frankfort.

The people want no scaling of the duty on quinine. They want the iniquitous tax abolished.

The senate will now wrestle with the legislative appropriation bill, and Mr. Conkling will have another opportunity of unmasking his avaricious cow-lick.

Mr. Hayes can forget for a moment that the republican party is the government, he will be well on his way toward the solution of what may, at first glance, appear to be a very difficult problem.

The probability is that the legislative appropriation bill will not be considered in the senate before next Thursday—which will give Logan and Zachary Chandler ample time to collect their artillery together.

It should be known that Simon Bolivar Conover, the extinguished carpet-bag senator from Florida, is now an inspector of customs along the coast of Florida. The force of habit is such that he will in all probability attempt to take a drink at St. John's bar.

The bill of Mr. Warner, of Ohio, to be favorably reported upon by Mr. Stephens's committee of coinage, weights and measures, re-establishes the bimetallic standard of values provided for the coining of bullion for the benefit of the owner, and makes trade-dollars exchangeable for legal-tender dollars at the mints. Altogether, it is a good bill.

The Grant party were invited to a tiger hunt in India, but in defense to a well-known American custom, they stand in their bungalows and played poker. It is said that the enthusiasm of Mr. Borne, when he is drawing to fill a bottle flush, is really entrancing. Upon these exciting occasions, Mr. John Russell Young climbs to the cork of the demijohn and beans impartially upon all.

It was yesterday decided by the supreme court, that a jury challenged under the law providing a test oath in the federal courts cannot be compelled to state under oath his disqualifications. This opinion was rendered by Justice Miller. Justice Field went even further, and in language, the strongest that could be used upon the bench, denounced the act providing the test oath for jurors as unconstitutional and void.

The current number of the North American Review contains an article on "Our Election Laws," written by Secretary McCrary. From this article it appears that Georgia is one of the seven states that have no registry laws, and that she is also one of the four that "confine the vicious practice of permitting an elector to vote anywhere in the county of his residence." The other states that give a voter the choice of precincts in his county are Arkansas, California and Oregon.

And now what will the gas companies do about it? Mr. Edison has secured his patents for dividing and controlling the electric light, and, to those who have not taken out naturalization papers as scientists, the affair looks like a success. The scientists, it will be remembered, made all their predictions of the future of the magician of Menlo park on the supposition that, in making his lights, he would use the voltaic arc; but Mr. Edison's first movement was to dispense with the carbon points and the voltaic arc, and in doing this, he disposed of the scientists. This appears to be cruel, but it isn't.

## CONVENTION WEEK.

Instead of two conventions, we are to have next week no less than four. On Monday the editors of the medical journals of America will meet, and on the same day the national board of health will begin its sessions. Both of these conventions will be strong in influential men and even in numbers. The number of medical journals is much larger than the non-professional man may suppose. The meeting of the national board of health will also be largely attended. The secretary of war has designated three army surgeons to attend them, as well as those of the larger convention of the following day, and the state boards of health will come from the Memphis meeting prepared to give the national board timely advice and valuable information. The Mississippi valley is fully aroused to the necessity of immediate action in the matter of preventing another yellow fever epidemic. On Tuesday the American medical association will begin its sessions with something near six hundred of the best known and most capable surgeons and physicians of this country and Canada in attendance. This association is to the medical profession what the whale is to the other fishes of the sea. On Thursday the eastern Baptist convention will be convened. The number of its delegates will exceed five hundred. The city will be crowded all the week with representative men, and with hundreds, if not thousands, of visitors from all parts of our own state, who will utilize the occasion by making purchases that cannot be made at home. It will be a harvest to our business men, and a season of hospitality all around.

## The Coleman Case.

In another column we present a review of a case that has culminated in lodging a murderer in McPherson barracks under very exceptional circumstances. He was tried by a court-martial during the war, and by it was found guilty and sentenced to be shot. He had committed a most atrocious crime; that there is no question. The only point in dispute relates to the manner in which he shall expire his guilt. The state of Tennessee, through a decision of her highest court, claimed the transgressor of her violated law, although at the time of the commission of the crime he was a federal soldier, and a court-martial had ordered him to be shot. He escaped before the sentence of the court-martial could be carried out, and when he was re-

arrived the war was over. A conflict between the state and federal courts over the case ensued—the result being a decision of the United States supreme court, by the terms of which Coleman has passed into the hands of that branch of the public service that sentenced him to be shot. It is reasonable to suppose that so diabolical a murder will be properly stoned for. As the case stands nothing can prevent the execution of the long-deferred sentence except a presidential pardon, which will probably be withheld if the facts of the case are looked into.

FRANCE and ENGLAND are discussing the belligerency. They want to see if they can't prevent the art-loying from racing from contracting for another new opera until his present debts are paid.

BILL CHASLER hopes to be able to start a bank with the excess subsides.

Mr. Rogers, the amiable postscript of the case, has done nothing to prevent the fact that the war had taken territorial proportions; the insurgents having become formidable enough to be recognized as belligerents. Tennessee was one of the insurgent states, and the right to govern it followed as an incident of war. The military tribunals of the occupying belligerents were therefore supreme. Hence the sentence of Coleman by the court-martial was and is legal and binding upon all concerned. The United States circuit court for Tennessee proposed to discharge the prisoner but the court of review held that he should pass from the custody of the sheriff to that of the nearest military commander, "to be dealt with as required by law."

## The True Inwardness of the Exodus.

The first thought that can occur to any reflecting person, either in the north or in the south, in connection with the negro exodus that has been going on in Louisiana and Mississippi, is that the whole movement is unnatural. Grant that the negro has been mistreated in some instances by the planters; grant that he has been bulldozed by certain cowardly ruffians; grant these things, and still you do not have the incentive to this sudden movement. For it cannot be possible that the mistreatment and the bulldozing has been growing worse rather than less—otherwise the people of Louisiana and Mississippi are men whom it would be gross injustice to call human. That the ills and abuses of carpet-bag government have led certain hot-headed and irresponsible persons to wreak vengeance upon the unfortunate negroes has never been denied, and, so far as THE CONSTITUTION is concerned, has never been palliated; but that such crimes have ever reached the dimensions charged by the organs all sensible people know to be false. Granting, however, that there has been mistreatment of that section are a set of brutes. It is impossible to account for the exodus upon the theory that the negroes are driven out by the treatment of the whites; indeed, it is impossible to account for it except upon the hypothesis that the movement has its inspiration among the republican leaders at the north, who hope to make it profitable both as a political and as a pecuniary investment. Mr. Wm. Windom led the way; Ingalls followed him. The Richmond Journal, which has found its home in the New York Herald.

"WIDOW OLIVER's" husband went to Harrisburg to see Simon Cameron and got robbed of his free passes before he got out of town. THE HON. G. WASH. CHILDS, A. M., of Philadelphia, is in hope that nothing will occur to dim the light that gladdens Grant's glorious bum.

The August Evening Sentinel and the Macon Sunday Ledger have both dropped out of public life. The one restores the brightness of Randall and the pliancy of Stovall to the Chronicle, and the other transfers its accounts and patronage to the Central City Weekly.

Russia continues to have fun with the nihilists, who, it is admitted, are very popular people.

## POSTSCRIPT.

MARY GRAY will cause the habit of searching theatre-goers for concealed weapons.

COLONEL FRED KILLER killed a wild hog in India, which fact is set forth elaborately in the New York Herald.

"WIDOW OLIVER's" husband went to Harrisburg to see Simon Cameron and got robbed of his free passes before he got out of town.

WHEN Kellogg speaks of the "bloody exodus" he certainly does not refer to the momentous day in New Orleans when "it was not blood."

The Illinois legislature has just passed a bill authorizing county clerks to issue permits for carrying concealed weapons. The carrier is not, however, licensed to kill any one with his pistol.

The Boston Herald thinks the attack on Etowah Booth was inspired by the memory of the Boston Massacre, when working upon a dusky mind.

MR. DE LA MATA opened the house proceedings with prayer, and then got down and introduced a bill to issue a billion of greenbacks. His idea is that heaven helps those who help themselves.

## IN GENERAL.

—It is stated that a little girl at Lewiston, Maine, has committed the whole of the New Testament to memory. It is hardly probable that she will live to be a hundred years old.

—Work upon the tunnel to be built under the Detroit river by the Canada Southern railway was formally inaugurated yesterday at Grand Isle, twenty miles below Detroit.

—William H. Vanderbilt has added to his extensive railway interests the largest stock farm in this country, and will now build the market and market the bull at the same time.

—The typhoid epidemic has reached us, but as we have no real kings to kill, only imitators, the assassin has had to make an attempt upon our mimic emperor of the stage, Edwin Booth, whom he tried to slay at the Grand Opera House.

—It is only necessary to run over the list of the corporates of this concern to be convinced of its purposes, and it is only necessary to remember the weakness of the colored race to know that its plans will succeed provided public charity is as large as the republicans hope to make it. Since the day of emancipation, the negro has developed a fondness for free rations which amounts to a mania. Within two weeks from to-day, by inserting a notice in THE CONSTITUTION that a free bed breakfast has been organized, we can draw to Atlanta every idle negro in Georgia. If the charitable contributions to the negroes already in Kansas are such as to demand the entire state will be overrun with impudent negroes in less than six months, and the suffering will be increased in a like ratio until the common sense of the people call a halt, and then the negroes will struggle back to their old homes or be left to succumb to the hardships of a Kansas winter. Looking over the ground carefully, the exodus and its causes may be briefly summed up as follows:

1. It has its origin in the hopes of the republicans to create such disturbances of population in the south previous to the next census enumeration as to deprive this section of a portion of its congressional representation, and decrease the number of its electoral voters.

2. The purposes of the republican leaders in originating the movement are two-fold. They not only desire to cripple the south in the matter of representation, but they desire to make their pretended sympathy for the negro an excuse for robbing him still further. It is their purpose to become the arbiters of the charity which is to be extended to the sufferers, and out of this, as well as out of the commissions which they will exact from negroes who are able to pay, they hope to fill their pockets.

3. It is a most outrageous and inhuman scheme, and it will fail. It is safe to say that all the bulldozing which has been credited to the south by the most vicious and lying of the organs has not created a tithe of the suffering and disaster that is now rife among the unfortunate negroes who are now appealing to the humanity of the public in Kansas.

As we have stated before in these columns, this question of charity, whether it be public or private, is a practical one. It should be judicious, and should be dispensed by those who have real sympathy for the negro—otherwise the question which calls for it will be extended and aggravated, and the suffering which it is intended to relieve will be increased ten-fold. We repeat, it is better that there

should be suffering among three thousand than that twenty, or fifty, or a hundred thousand recruits should be added to the sufferers.

The Richmond Verdict.

IN the second trial of John W. Conkling, for the murder of young Curtis, the jury yesterday brought in a verdict of voluntary manslaughter, and the court directed that he should spend two years in the penitentiary as the penalty for his crime. This verdict is a great triumph for the defense, but it is also a victory for the negroes, because it has always been most difficult to convict any one for breach of the law in cases where the negro is the victim. In one way or another it has been big law practice of juries to permit Pindexter to take advantage of his wrong by treating the negro as if he was not a man, whereas it was merely continuous of an assault which he struck the first blow.

JOHN RYAN

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BISHOP HAVEN, in a speech in Boston the other day, said he could tell a great many stories of negro outrages, but intimated that it wouldn't be healthy for him to do so.

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# Read the Advantages OFFERED BY HIRSCH BROTHERS

To all who would like to Dress well for a small amount of Money!

We desire you to know that we have at our old and familiar stands, Nos. 3 and 50 WHITEHALL STREET,

## Business and Dress Suits,

In a large variety of Patterns, Cut in the Latest Styles and made with care, under the personal supervision of one of our firm. We are showing a much larger and finer assortment than heretofore.

### PLAIN AND FANCY LINEN DUCK,

### AND MARSEILLES VESTS,

At Prices within the Reach of All!

Clothing is a large item in every man's expenses, and it should be a matter of consideration where he can buy CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS to the best advantage. At our Store, No. 50 WHITEHALL STREET, our CUSTOM work is unsurpassed in any city. BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS made to order at prices lower than ever, workmanship and fit guaranteed.

## Furnishing Goods

IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES.

The largest assortment of Neck Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Cuffs, Gents' Underwear and, in fact, everything in the FURNISHING GOODS line displayed in the city.

We mean what we say. Call and be convinced that

**HIRSCH BROTHERS,**

Nos. 3 and 50 Whitehall Street,

ARE THE

## Clothiers of Atlanta!

Attentive salesmen will take pleasure in showing you Single and Double-Breasted Sack and Frock Suits, also a fine stock of Diagonals and Worsted Coats and Vests, cut in Sack and Single and Double-Breasted Frock style.

"ECONOMY IS THE ROAD TO WEALTH!"

## SAVE MONEY

By buying your CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS of

## HIRSCH BROTHERS.

Don't forget that we have an endless variety of YOUTHS', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING in Stores and Prices that cannot fail to please the most fastidious Parent.

The stout, the thin, the middle-sized, can have their hopes realized, By getting a Suit to Fit, at

**HIRSCH BROTHERS,**

Nos. 3 and 50 Whitehall street

ORGANS AND ORGANS.

**ESTEY** THE MOST EXTENSIVE ORGAN FACTORIES IN THE WORLD.

ORGANS. UNTAILED AND BEAUTIFUL SONG.

ACCOMMODATE THE GROWING DEMAND IN THE SOUTH FOR THESE CELEBRATED ORGANS,

The Estey Organ Co. was established a BRANCH HOUSE IN ATLANTA. DO NOT DECIDE WHAT ORGAN TO BUY BEFORE CALLING ON THE

**ESTEY ORGAN CO.** DO NOT FAIL, WHEN SENDING FOR CATALOGUES, TO SEND FIRST TO THE

**ESTEY ORGAN CO.** Catalogues Sent Free on Application.

SOLE AGENTS.

49 April 1874

**PRESCRIPTION FREE**

For the speedy Care of Weakness, Loss

of Strength, Premature Death, Nervousness,

Insanity, Consumption, Inflammation of the

Society, Defective Memory, and all Diseases.

Brought on by Secret Habits and Excesses. Any

druggist will know it effected a cure.

**DR. JACQUES & CO.**

130 West Sixth St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

115 chd&wly.

**REWARD** For any case

of Disease, where the Druggist has not

been successful in his treatment, and

the patient has not recovered.

For the speedy Care of Weakness, Loss

of Strength, Premature Death, Nervousness,

Insanity, Consumption, Inflammation of the

Society, Defective Memory, and all Diseases.

Brought on by Secret Habits and Excesses. Any

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**DR. C. McLANE'S**

Celebrated American

**WORM SPECIFIC**

OR

**VERMIFUGE.**

SYMBOLIC

## COTTON AND WEATHERS.

LIVERPOOL, middling uplands, closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6-16d. in New York at 15c; in Atlanta at 1c.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for today, in Georgia, slightly higher pressure, north east winds, slightly cooler and partly cloudy.

## DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Observe the Office of Signal Corps, U. S. A., Kimball House, April 28, 10:31 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.

THE SIGNAL SERVICE BUREAU REPORT.

Kimball House, April 28, 10:31 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.

## GOOD NEWS!

1879.

When brightly in the Western sky  
At sunset this evening star,  
Men buy, but fear to buy  
A twenty cent cigar.

Good friends, "Live and let live,"

Be happy and hark!

For five cents we can give  
A twenty cent cigar.

Goods well bought are easy sold,  
Cash conquers Credit's ear;

Fine proverb, old, as quickly told.

Small hearts of oak are rarely broke—

Be happy and hark!

Five cents and smiling smile  
A twenty cent cigar.

FOR SALE by the Enterprise Cigar Company, No. 13 Peachtree street, 10,000 Cigars are daily open for inspection.

NOTE.—FORCE OF WIND.—The force of the wind, measured by anemometer, is to be included in the following table:

Force of wind, 6 to 10, include 10 to 14, including 15 to 20, include 20 to 25, including 30 to 35.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., April 28, 1879.

Time. Thermometer. Wind. Pressure. Wind. Weather.

Time.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Pressure.	Wind.	Weather.
7 a.m.	68	W. Light	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 a.m.	69	W. Gen.	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 a.m.	71	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 a.m.	73	W. Strong	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 a.m.	74	N. E. Gen.	30.00	N. E.	Cloudy.
12 m.	70	W. Gen.	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 p.m.	69	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 p.m.	68	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 p.m.	67	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 p.m.	66	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 p.m.	65	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 p.m.	64	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 p.m.	63	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 p.m.	62	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 p.m.	61	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 p.m.	60	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 p.m.	59	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
12 m.	58	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 a.m.	57	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 a.m.	56	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 a.m.	55	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 a.m.	54	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 a.m.	53	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 a.m.	52	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 a.m.	51	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 a.m.	50	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 a.m.	49	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 a.m.	48	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 a.m.	47	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
12 m.	46	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 p.m.	45	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 p.m.	44	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 p.m.	43	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 p.m.	42	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 p.m.	41	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 p.m.	40	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 p.m.	39	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 p.m.	38	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 p.m.	37	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 p.m.	36	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 p.m.	35	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
12 m.	34	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 a.m.	33	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 a.m.	32	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 a.m.	31	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 a.m.	30	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 a.m.	29	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 a.m.	28	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 a.m.	27	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 a.m.	26	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 a.m.	25	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 a.m.	24	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 a.m.	23	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
12 m.	22	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 p.m.	21	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 p.m.	20	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 p.m.	19	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 p.m.	18	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 p.m.	17	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 p.m.	16	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 p.m.	15	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 p.m.	14	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 p.m.	13	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 p.m.	12	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
11 p.m.	11	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
12 m.	10	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
1 p.m.	9	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
2 p.m.	8	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
3 p.m.	7	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
4 p.m.	6	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
5 p.m.	5	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
6 p.m.	4	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
7 p.m.	3	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
8 p.m.	2	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
9 p.m.	1	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.
10 p.m.	0	W. Fresh	30.00	W.	Cloudy.

Most favorable and marvelous success in cases where persons are sick or pining away from a condition of misery; that no one knows what ails them, but by the use of Hop Bitters. They begin to cure from the first dose and keep it up until perfect health and strength is restored. Whoever is afflicted with any disease, whether it be a cold, the grippe, or the like, should take Hop Bitters. See "India and Proverbs" in another column.

At Wholesale and Retail.

We have the largest stock of Gold and Silver Watches in the South. Call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

J. P. STEVENS & CO., Wholesale and Retail Jewelers, 5 Whitehall Street.

350 April 29th 4th 1879.

REMEMBER that our Domestic Cigars are all hand-made, and your choice for FIVE CENTS.

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